



Y9 French Unit 4 Media

Unit objectives : I can talk about my taste in books, music, TV programs & films and describe media entertainment activities.

Vocabulary

Verb LIRE* [to read, reading]

je lis	<i>I read</i>
tu lis	<i>you read</i>
il / elle lit	<i>he / she reads</i>
nous lisons	<i>we read</i>
ils / elles lisent	<i>they read</i>

Je lis les journaux le matin.
I read newspapers in the morning.

Verb ECOUTER* [to listen, listening]

J'écoute	<i>I listen</i>
tu écoutes	<i>you listen</i>
il / elle écoute	<i>he / she listens</i>
nous écoutons	<i>we listen</i>
ils / elles écoutent	<i>they listen</i>

J'écoute la musique sur mon portable.
I listen to music on my phone.

Verb REGARDER* [to watch, watching]

je regarde	<i>I watch</i>
tu regarde	<i>you watch</i>
il / elle regarde	<i>he / she watches</i>
nous regardons	<i>we watch</i>
ils / elles regardent	<i>they watch</i>

Je regarde la télé dans ma chambre.
I watch TV in my bedroom.
Nous regardons Netflix en ligne.
We watch Netflix online.

Wow phrases

Je n'ai jamais aimé les feuilletons.
I have never liked soap operas.

Ce qui me plaît, c'est écouter la radio.
What I like is listening to the radio.

Si j'avais le choix, j'écouterais...
If I had the choice, I would listen to...

Bien que ce soit cher, j'adore regarder les films au cinéma.
Although it is expensive, I love watching films at the cinema.

Forming the passé composé (past tense)

The perfect tense (le passé composé) is used to describe completed actions in the past. In English, this is something we 'did' or 'have done'.

In French, we need the present tense of **avoir** and the past participle. Some verbs require the present tense of **être** and the past participle. For example, "Je suis allé(e)" means "I went".

A past participle expresses the completed action. E.g watched (regardé).

To form the past participle with regular ER verbs, you replace the ER ending with 'é'.

E.g J'ai regardé *I watched / have watched*

For IR verbs, you replace IR with 'i' and for RE verbs, you replace RE with 'u'

E.g J'ai fini *I finished / have finished* or J'ai vendu *I sold / have sold*

Beware of irregular past participles!

E.g fait (did), bu (drank), pris (taken)

Click [here](#) for a more in depth look at the perfect tense.

Perfect tense explanation [doc](#)



Applying negations

These negative structures sandwich the verb:

ne...jamais	never
ne...plus	no longer
ne...rien	nothing

Je **ne** regarde **jamais** la télé.
I never watch TV

Je **ne** regarde **plus** les dessins animés .
I no longer watch cartoons

Je **ne** regarde **rien** le matin
I watch nothing in the morning.

Applying negations in the past tense

In the past tense, the negative structures sandwich the auxiliary verb. For example, **J'ai** (I have) becomes **Je n'ai pas** (I have not)

ne.....jamais	never
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Je n'ai jamais regardé	<i>I have never</i> watched
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Tu n'as jamais écouté	<i>You have never</i> listened
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Il n'a jamais lu	<i>He has never</i> read
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Elle n'a jamais fait	<i>She has never</i> done
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Nous n'avons jamais aimé	<i>We have never</i> liked
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Ils n'ont jamais pris	<i>They have never</i> taken
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